REFERENCE SERVICES AND PUBLIC RELATIONS ACTIVITIES

[by Laura Coles, 1988]

- Provide access on an equal basis to all who abide by the rules and regulations of the archives.
- Prepare adequate finding aids for holdings in the archives and make them easily accessible in the reference area.
- Have all visitors to the archives sign a register, including the date, their name, address, any identification, their signature, and perhaps their research interest. This register is valuable not only for keeping a record of how many visitors come to the archives but also to identify users on a particular day in the event of loss or damage.
- Keep a count of all telephone, mail, reference, or other queries received, for statistical purposes.
- When providing written answers to research questions, keep a copy of all correspondence, indicating who enquired and what information was provided. File these letters in chronological order in a correspondence file or, if numerous, alphabetically by subject. Eventually, frequently asked questions might often be answered from the correspondence file, saving you time and effort.
- Do not allow researchers to retrieve or reshelve archival materials themselves. If needed, have the researcher complete a request form for material desired. Such a form may help you maintain control over material taken from the stacks, and it provides a record of items used. File the used forms in date order in a box in the storage area.
- Do not allow access to restricted material without written permission from the person or agency imposing the restrictions.
- Replace valuable or fragile items with copies whenever possible or supervise their use closely.
- Consider whether to allow researchers to use unprocessed material. If you decide to allow access to unprocessed material, warn users of the difficulty of using unarranged material and instruct them to maintain the existing order.
- Determine your photocopying policy. If you have access to a photocopier and intend to provide copies for researchers, decide: a) if you will set limits on the quantity copied; b) if you will charge for copying, and how much; c) if you will copy restricted, fragile, or damaged materials; and d) if you will allow the public to use the photocopier (this is not advisable).
- Determine what other copying services you will provide, such as copies of photographs, maps, or microforms, and under what conditions.
- Outline any fees or conditions for any services you provide.
- Include your reference policies in a handout for visitors and researchers, explaining the rules and regulations of the archives, the researchers' rights and responsibilities, and details about access and various services.
- Maintain a staff manual or procedures book. Record all decisions, policies, and procedures you implement and keep these notes in a three-ring binder. Keep the manual up to date and organized. Such a document will save time and effort as your archives grows and expands.

Excerpt from:

Archives Association of British Columbia. A Manual for Small Archives. Vancouver: AABC, 1999. http://aabc.ca/media/6069/manualforsmallarchives.pdf#page=109